OBSERVATION OF VAN HOVE SINGULARITIES IN TWISTED GRAPHENE LAYERS

Stephanie Collins, Mitchell Cutler, Kaeshav Danesh, Swadhina Das, Kevin Deng



PUBLISHED ONLINE: 29 NOVEMBER 2009 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHYS1463

Observation of Van Hove singularities in twisted graphene layers

Guohong Li¹, A. Luican¹, J. M. B. Lopes dos Santos², A. H. Castro Neto³, A. Reina⁴, J. Kong⁵ and E. Y. Andrei¹*

Background

Band Structure 101

- Dispersion relation of electrons in material
 - X axis is momentum
 - Y axis is energy
- Density of states (DOS) the number of different states electrons can occupy at a particular energy level
- Fermi level: energy where there is a mix of filled and empty energy levels



Band Structure and Density of States for Cu. Fermi Level Shown. Copied from Wikipedia

Dirac Cones & Van Hove Singularities

Dirac Cones

 Conical surfaces of valence and conduction bands, meet in Dirac point

• Van Hove Singularities

- Flat part / saddle point in band
- o Infinite DOS
- E_F close to VHS = magnified interactions
 - New phases of matter, advantageous properties



Previous work

VHS in Monolayer Graphene

- Graphene is made of C atoms in a honeycomb lattice.
- Band structure contains Dirac points and van Hove singularities
- However, van Hove singularities are far away from the typical Fermi level



Copied from AH Castro Neto et al. (2009)

No VHS in untwisted bilayer Graphene

- Stack layers in alternating structure.
- No Dirac point. Bands touch quadratically.
- No van Hove singularity.



Copied from EV Castro et al. (2007)

Twisted Bilayer Graphene

The first paper describing the electronic properties of twisted graphene bilayers

PRL 99, 256802 (2007)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 21 DECEMBER 2007

Graphene Bilayer with a Twist: Electronic Structure

J. M. B. Lopes dos Santos,¹ N. M. R. Peres,² and A. H. Castro Neto³

Twisted Bilayer Graphene - Moiré lattice

- Crystal is now periodic with superlattice instead of regular lattice
- Moiré superlattice introduces new twist angle dependent length scale.



Moiré Pattern Copied from Wikipedia

Energy Bands in Twisted Bilayer

- Expect two Dirac cones in lowest energy states of twisted bilayer graphene.
- Leads to two Van Hove singularities in between the Dirac cones



Copied from JMB Lopes dos Santos, NMR Peres, AH Castro Neto (2007)

VHS Gap in Twisted Bilayer

- For small angles, increasing twist angle increases distance between Dirac cones in momentum space
- Results in larger energy gap between Van Hove singularities
- Upper van Hove singularity is closer to Fermi energy!



Summary of Paper

Motivation

Being able to change the energy level of a van Hove singularity is very useful.

Should try to replicate this theoretical result experimentally.

This is precisely what Eva Andrei's lab did using Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy (STS), leading to the paper we are discussing.

Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM)

- Sharp (thin) conductive tip,
 penetrates conductive barriers
 with electrons emitting from it
- Bias voltage applied to observe current / of electrons
 - Spectroscopy (ramped up bias) used in this case





Results & Conclusions

Main Conclusion:

The Van Hove singularity can be moved closer to the Fermi level by twisting it



- Showed observation of VHS at different locations
- Showed clear correspondence between angle of rotation and ΔE_{vhs}
- Tunability of suggests new ways $\theta=3.48^{\circ}$ of engineered electronic phases supplement)



Drawbacks:

1. Evidence of new phases from tuning of ΔE_{vhs} is not direct

Charge density wave observed via x-ray microdiffraction showing lattice distortion





Evidence of charge density wave transverse pinning by x-ray microdiffraction E. Bellec, I. Gonzalez-Vallejo, V. L. R. Jacques, A. A. Sinchenko, A. P. Orlov, P. Monceau, S. J. Leake, and D. Le Bolloc'h Phys. Rev. B 101, 125122 (2020)

- Experiment done at fixed E_f
- Should also demonstrate tuning E_{f} by more conventional and accessible method such as doping and adjusting temperature



Citation Evaluation

Citation Evaluation

Nature Physics • Open Access • Volume 6, Issue 2, Pages 109 - 113 • February 2010

Document type

Article • Bronze Open Access

Source type

Journal ISSN

17452473

DOI

10.1038/nphys1463

View more V

Observation of Van Hove singularities in twisted graphene layers

Li, Guohong^a; Luican A.^a; Lopes Dos Santos].M.B.^b;

Castro Neto A.H.^c; Reina A.^d; Kong].^e; Andrei E.Y.^a 🖪 Save all to author list

^a Department of Physics and Astronomy, Rutgers University, Piscataway, NJ 08855, United States ^b CFP and Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências Universidade Do Porto, 4169-007 Porto, Portugal

^c Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA 02215, 590 Commonwealth Avenue, United States ^d Department of Materials Science and Engineering, MIT, Cambridge, MA 02139, United States View additional affiliations 🗸

13.23 978 99th percentile 63 View all metrics > FWCI (?) Views count (?) Citations in Scopus

View PDF 7 Full text options V Export V



Source : Scopus

Citation over the years



- Steady growth over the years, with a peak in 2020.
- It crossed 100 citations within three years of being published.



Emergence of a new field : Twistronics

The paper inspired investigations into angle dependent electronic properties of twisted 2D materials.

> Moire Pattern changes with changing angle between graphene layers



Source - Wikipedia

DK0 https://meetings.aps.org/Meeting/MAR24/Session/G09 Danesh, Kaeshav, 2024-12-05T22:46:46.497

Evolution of the field

ARTICLE

doi:10.1038/nature26160

Unconventional superconductivity in magic-angle graphene superlattices

Yuan Cao¹, Valla Fatemi¹, Shiang Fang², Kenji Watanabe³, Takashi Taniguchi³, Efthimios Kaxiras^{2,4} & Pablo Jarillo-Herrero¹

Developments on "magic angle"

Discovery of Superconductivity in Twisted Bilayer Graphene

Slide 28

DK0 maybe mention the term twistronics

Danesh, Kaeshav, 2024-12-05T16:11:00.383

DS0 0 ok

Das, Swadhina, 2024-12-05T20:08:22.424



Bibliography

- Li, G., Luican, A., Lopes dos Santos, J.M.B., Castro Neto, A.H., Reina, A., Kong, J. and Andrei, E.Y., 2010. Observation of Van Hove singularities in twisted graphene layers. Nature physics, 6(2), pp.109-113.
- Castro, E.V., Novoselov, K.S., Morozov, S.V., Peres, N.M.R., Dos Santos, J.L., Nilsson, J., Guinea, F., Geim, A.K. and Neto, A.C., 2007. Biased bilayer graphene: semiconductor with a gap tunable by the electric field effect. Physical review letters, 99(21), p.216802.
- Castro Neto, A.H., Guinea, F., Peres, N.M., Novoselov, K.S. and Geim, A.K., 2009. The electronic properties of graphene. Reviews of modern physics, 81(1), pp.109-162.
- Dirac Cone in Quantum Materials. Nanotechnology. (2024, April 11). https://www.nanowerk.com/reference/dirac-cone.php
- Libretexts. (2021, September 8). Density of States. Engineering LibreTexts.
- https://eng.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Materials_Science/Supplemental_Modules_(Materials_Science)/Electronic_Properties/Den sity_of_States
- Lopes dos Santos, J.M.B., Peres, N.M.R. and Castro Neto, A.H., 2007. Graphene bilayer with a twist: electronic structure. Physical review letters, 99(25), p.256802.
- Overney, R. (2008, May 20). Scanning Tunneling Microscopy and Spectroscopy. Seattle, Washington; University of Washington.
- Pandey, Himadri. (2013). Fabrication, Characterization & Simulation of Graphene Field Effect Transistors operating at Microwave Frequencies. 10.13140/RG.2.2.25801.24167.
- Sachs, M., Solid State Theory, (New York, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1963),pp159-160;238-242.
- Yu, C. (2013). Degenerate Electron Gas: Electrons in a Metal. UCI School of Physical Sciences. Retrieved December 4, 2024, from https://ps.uci.edu/~cyu/p115A/LectureNotes/Lecture15/html_version/lecture15.html.