



$$\psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right)$$

$$E\psi = H\psi = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{2ma^2} \psi, \quad \text{so } E = \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{2ma^2}$$

b) We know $E^{(0)} = \frac{\hbar^2 \pi^2}{2ma^2}$. We need $E^{(1)}$.

$$E^{(1)} = \langle \psi | V(x) | \psi \rangle = \int_{-a/2}^{a/2} \frac{2}{a} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right) \frac{2\varepsilon |x|}{a} dx$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{a/2} \frac{2}{a} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right) \frac{2\varepsilon x}{a} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \int_0^{a/2} x \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \int_0^{a/2} x \left[\frac{1 + \cos\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right)}{2} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \left[\int_0^{a/2} \frac{x}{2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{a/2} x \cos\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right) dx \right]$$

Let $u=x$, $dv = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right) dx$
 $v = \frac{a}{2\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right)$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \left[\frac{x^2}{4} \Big|_0^{a/2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{xa}{2\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right) \Big|_0^{a/2} - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{a/2} \frac{a}{2\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \left[\frac{a^2}{16} + 0 + \frac{a}{4\pi} \frac{a}{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi x}{a}\right) \Big|_0^{a/2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{8\varepsilon}{a^2} \left[\frac{a^2}{16} - \frac{a^2}{4\pi^2} \right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{\varepsilon}{2} - \frac{2\varepsilon}{\pi^2} \right)$$