

$$\boxed{\Psi(x)} = A e^{-x^2/2} \sin(bx) \left(\frac{x}{c}\right)^2$$

@ some t

CLASSICAL

$$\hat{p}_x = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \quad \dots \quad p_x = m \frac{dx(t)}{dt}$$

$$\hat{p}_x \Psi(x) = \text{NONSENSE in general}$$


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## P.O.E. = Project Onto Eigenstates

Observable  
rep. by  
OPERATOR  
like  
 $\hat{p}_x = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$   
 $= \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$

... FIND  
e-states ...

$$\text{Prob}(p) = |\langle \psi_p | \Psi \rangle|^2$$

$\hat{p}_x : ikx = \frac{i p x}{\hbar}$

$$\Psi_p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{ikx} = \frac{e^{i p x / \hbar}}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}}$$

where  $\hbar k = p = \frac{h}{\lambda}$

OP  $\downarrow$  e-value  $\downarrow$  e-func

$$\left[ \hat{p}_x \Psi_p = (\hbar k) \Psi_p \right]$$

ie.  $|\psi\rangle = \sum_{q \text{-values}} C_q |\psi_q\rangle$  where  $\text{Prob}(q) = |C_q|^2$

$\psi(\vec{r})$   
functional representation

$\vec{\psi}$   
matrix representation

cf. basis elements

$\vec{V} = C_x \hat{x} + C_y \hat{y} + C_z \hat{z}$

generalize  $\vec{V} \cdot \hat{x} = C_x$

$\langle e_x | \vec{V} \rangle = \langle \hat{x} | \vec{V} \rangle = C_x$

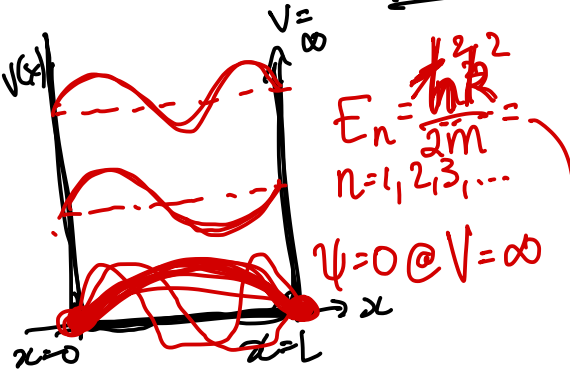
INNER PRODUCT = PROJECTION OPERATOR

ON:  $\langle \psi_q | \psi \rangle = \langle e_q | \psi \rangle = \int dx C_q^*(x) \cdot \psi(x)$

$= \vec{C}_q^T \cdot \vec{\psi}$

WAVEFUNC REPRESENT

MATRIX REPRESENT



$E_n = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m}$   
 $n=1, 2, 3, \dots$

$\psi=0 @ V=\infty$

$E_n = \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left( \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_n} \right)^2$  where  $\lambda_n = \frac{2L}{n}$

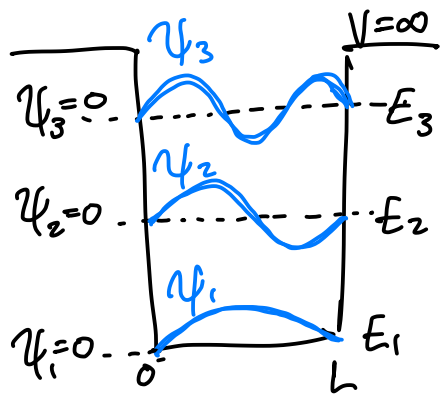
# Representations of $|\Psi\rangle$

place a pole in as well with  $L=\pi$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet |\Psi\rangle &= A|e_{E_1}\rangle + B|e_{E_3}\rangle \\ &= A|1\rangle_n + B|3\rangle_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \vec{\Psi}_E = \begin{pmatrix} A \\ 0 \\ B \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}_n$$

$$\bullet \Psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[ A \sin(x) + B \sin(3x) \right]$$



e-states of  $\hat{H} = \hat{T} + V$   
= states of DEFINITE EN.

$$\Psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$$

$n=1, 2, 3, \dots$