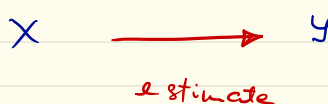


ECE 313: Lecture 37

Minimum MSE (mean square error) estimators: constant, unconstrained, and linear

Prob / Application :



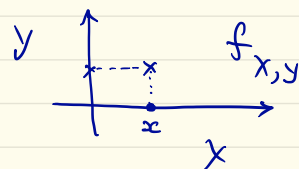
Mean square error

Ex: $X = Y + N$

observed signal that is noisy $\rightarrow$ X

unknown true signal $\rightarrow$ Y

noise $\rightarrow$ N



$$MSE = E[(\hat{Y} - Y)^2]$$

g estimator : $\hat{Y} = g(x)$

$$MSE_g = E[(g(x) - Y)^2] = \iint_{f_{X,Y}} (g(x) - y)^2 p_{X,Y}(x, y) dx dy$$

Three estimators (algorithms)

① Ignore X , constant : $\hat{Y} = g(x) = \sigma^*$

② Linear : $\hat{Y} = g(x) = a^* x + b^*$

③ Unconstrained : $\hat{Y} = g(x)$

no restriction on g

① Constant estimator $Y \rightarrow f_Y$
 $\hat{Y} = \hat{g}(X) = \delta$

$$MSE = E[(\delta - Y)^2] = J(\delta)$$

We want to know $\delta^* = \underset{\delta}{\operatorname{argmin}} J(\delta)$

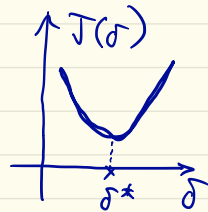
Quest: $\delta^* = ?$

Guess: $\delta^* = E[Y]$

$$\Rightarrow MSE = E[(Y - E[Y])^2] = \operatorname{Var}(Y)$$



$$\begin{aligned} J(\delta) &= E[Y^2 - 2\delta Y + \delta^2] \\ &= \underbrace{E[Y^2]}_{\text{number}} - 2\delta \underbrace{E[Y]}_{\text{number}} + \delta^2 \end{aligned}$$



To find δ^*

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial \delta} = 2\delta - 2E[Y] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta^* = E[Y]$$

② Linear estimator

$$\hat{y} = ax + b$$

$$MSE = E[(y - (ax + b))^2] = J(a, b)$$

Minimum MSE for linear estimation

$$\hat{y} = a^*x + b^*$$

$$\text{where } (a^*, b^*) = \underset{a, b}{\operatorname{argmin}} J(a, b)$$

$$J(a, b) = E[(y - (ax + b))^2]$$

$$= \operatorname{Var}(y - ax - b) + (E[y - ax - b])^2$$

$$= \underbrace{\operatorname{Cov}(y - ax - b, y - ax - b)} + (E[y] - aE[x] - b)^2$$

$$\operatorname{Cov}(y, y) - 2a \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) + a^2 \operatorname{Cov}(x, x)$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = \frac{\partial J(a, b)}{\partial a} & (1) \\ 0 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial b} & (2) \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} &= -2 \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) + 2a \operatorname{Var}(x) - 2(E[y] - aE[x] - b)E[x] \\ &= -2(E[y] - aE[x] - b) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{From (2)} \Rightarrow b^* = E[y] - a^*E[x] ; \text{ subs into (1)} \Rightarrow a^* = \dots$$

$$a^* = \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\text{Var}(x)}$$

Hence

MMSE linear estimator

$$\hat{y} = \underbrace{\frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\text{Var}(x)}}_{a^*} x + \underbrace{E[y] - \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\text{Var}(x)} E[x]}_{b^*}$$

$$= \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\text{Var}(x)} [x - E[x]] + E[y]$$

MMSE for linear est:

$$J(a^*, b^*) = \dots$$

③

Unconstrained:

Observe

$$X = u$$



$$\hat{Y} = g(u)$$



$$Y \sim f_{Y|X}(y|u)$$



$$= E[Y|X=u]$$

But $E[Y|X=u]$ requires $f_{Y|X}(\cdot)$