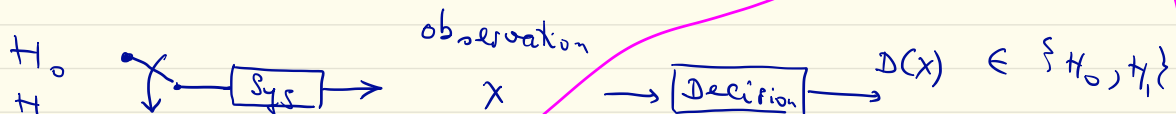


**ECE 313: Lecture 16**  
**MAP decision rules**  
**Union bound and its application**

$$P_{fa} = P(\text{Declare } H_1 | H_0) = \sum$$

on  $H_0$  row but NOT under  $H_1$

$$P_{miss} = P(\text{Declare } H_0 | H_1) = \sum$$



Likelihood table

$$p_i(k) = P(\{X=k\} | H_i)$$

$$\Lambda(k) = \sum_{H_i} p_i(k) \quad \left( \sum_{i=1}^M \pi_i = 1 \right)$$

|       | X=1           | X=2           | X=3           | X=4 |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----|
| $H_1$ | 0.1           | 0.2           | 0.3           | 0.4 |
| $H_0$ | 0.4           | 0.3           | 0.2           | 0.1 |
|       | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{3}{2}$ | 4   |

$\Lambda(k) = \frac{p_1(k)}{p_0(k)}$

prior knowledge,  $P(H_i) = \pi_i \quad (i=0,1)$

$$P(\{X=k\}, H_i) = P(H_i) P(\{X=k\} | H_i)$$

$$= \pi_i p_i(k)$$

joint prob

$$\pi_0 = 0.2, \pi_1 = 0.8$$

|       | X=1  | X=2  | X=3  | X=4  |
|-------|------|------|------|------|
| $H_1$ | 0.08 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 0.32 |
| $H_0$ | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 |

ML: given  $X=l$   
 $\checkmark$  pick  $H_i$  ( $i \in \{0,1\}$ ) that  

$$\max_{i \in \{0,1\}} P(\{X=l\} | H_i)$$

MAP (Maximum a posterior) decision.

given  $X=l$  pick  $H_i$  that

$$\max_{i \in \{0,1\}} P(H_i | \{X=l\})$$

$$\max_{i \in \{0,1\}}$$

=

$$\frac{P(\{X=l\}, H_i)}{P(\{X=l\})}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\prod_i p_i(l)}{P(\{X=l\}, H_i)}$$

$$\sum_{H_0}^{H_1}$$

$$\frac{\prod_o p_o(l)}{P(\{X=l\}, H_o)}$$

$\Leftrightarrow$

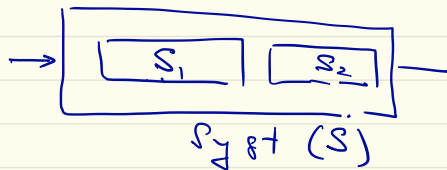
$$\Lambda(l) = \frac{p_1(l)}{p_0(l)}$$

$$\sum_{H_0}^{H_1}$$

$$\frac{\prod_o}{\prod_l} \leftarrow \tau$$

### Union bound

Context: Estimate the prob of a system failure



$S$  fails if either  $S_1$  fails or  $S_2$  fails

$$P\{\text{S fails}\} = P(A \cup B)$$

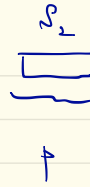
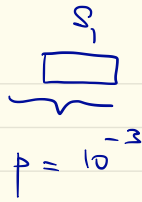
$$= P(A) + P(B) - \underbrace{P(A \cap B)}$$

$$\underbrace{\leq P(A) + P(B)}_{\text{union bound}} \approx 0 \text{ if } P(A) \text{ \& } P(B) \text{ small}$$

$$\left( \frac{7}{9} P(A \cup B) \right)$$

Ex:

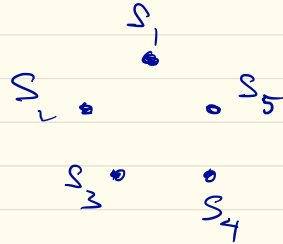
Fail



$$P(\text{whole syst fails}) = P(A \cup B)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{if one sub sys fails} &= P(A) + P(B) - \underbrace{P(A \cap B)}_{P(A) \cdot P(B)} \\ &= p + p - p^2 \\ &\leq 2p \quad \leftarrow \text{union bound} \end{aligned}$$

Ex:



Whole syst fails if  
at least 2 sub sys fails

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{whole sys fails}) &= P(F_1 F_2 \cup F_1 F_3 \cup F_1 F_4 \cup \dots \cup F_4 F_5) \\ &\leq \binom{5}{2} \underbrace{p^2}_{p^2} = \frac{5 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 1} p^2 = 10 p^2 \end{aligned}$$