

CS 598 TH1

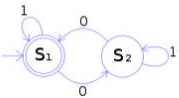
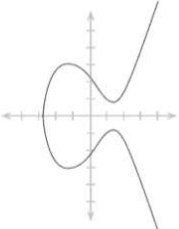
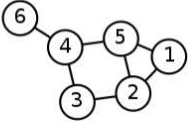
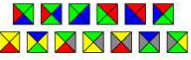
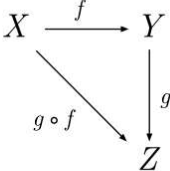
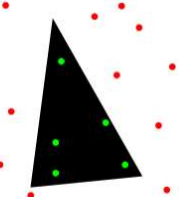

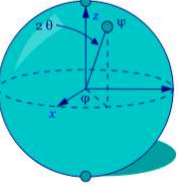
(Recent) Advances in
Theory CS

Instructor: Ruta Mehta

TA: None

Theory CS (TCS)

How to compute? And fast?

$P \rightarrow Q$					$P = NP ?$
Mathematical logic	Automata theory	Number theory	Graph theory	Computability theory	Computational complexity theory
GNITIRW-TERCES	$\Gamma \vdash x : \text{Int}$				
Cryptography	Type theory	Category theory	Computational geometry	Combinatorial optimization	Quantum computing theory

Too vast to even touch every topic.



Our goal:

Together learn about some interesting new results within TCS and attempt to solve open problems.

Fuzzy!

- **Pre-req:** CS 473. Advanced theory courses like approximation/randomized algorithms would help further.
- **Course Format: Seminar course**
 - I/you/guest lectures on an interesting topic, and discuss open problems around it.
 - An open problem session.
 - Repeat.
- **Project:**
 - Pick an open problem and try to solve it by yourself. You have the entire semester to try.

■ **What is expected from you**

- Active participation in the class
- Present a paper of your choice, and discuss open problems around it.
- Work on an open problem, and present findings at the end of the semester.

■ **Grading:** (all good as far as you are sincere and put in hard work)

- Class participation (5%)
- Paper presentation (50%)
- Project + presentation (45%)



Administrativa

- Webpage:

<https://courses.engr.illinois.edu/cs598th1/sp2023>

- Slack: CS598 TH1 – Advances in TCS (registered students should have received an invite to join)

- Others, please sign up through the link on the webpage.

- Issue about the classroom!

Check webpage/slack at least twice a week for the updates.



Tentative Topics

- TFNP classes and (open) problems therein
 - Query, communication, crypto complexity
- Discrete optimization through continuous opt.
- Fast algorithms to solve LP
- Beyond worst-case
- Expander decomposition and apps. to graph algo.
- Massively Parallel Algorithms
- Discrepancy theory and Quantum connection?
- ML: differential privacy, fairness, learning augmented algorithms, GANs for counter examples
-



Topic 1:

Total Function NP (TFNP) zoo

- What is TFNP? And why?
- Classes within TFNP: Intuition, formal description, complete problems w/ interesting existence theorems.
- Relation between the classes.

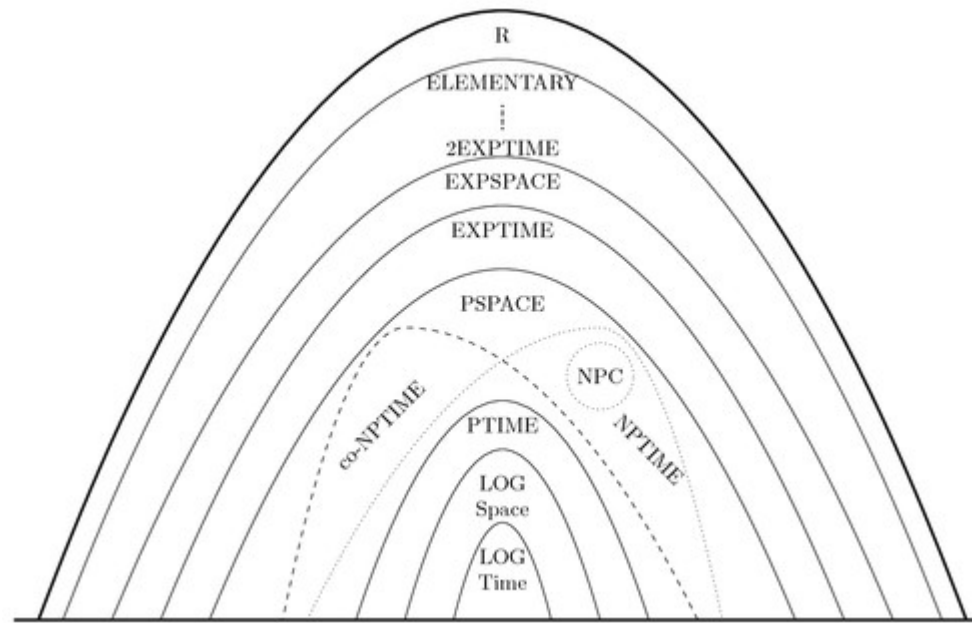
Computable? (Decidable?)

Halting problem: Given a program and its input, can one/computer decide if the program will halt?

NO! Un-decidable!!!



Decidable:



\exists a solⁿ?

NP

YES answers
are poly-time
verifiable.

3-SAT ϕ on n variables
 $x_i \in \{T, F\}$

$\phi(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ is True.

co-NP

NO is
easy

3-SAT ϕ
is ϕ tautology
?

NP

co-NP

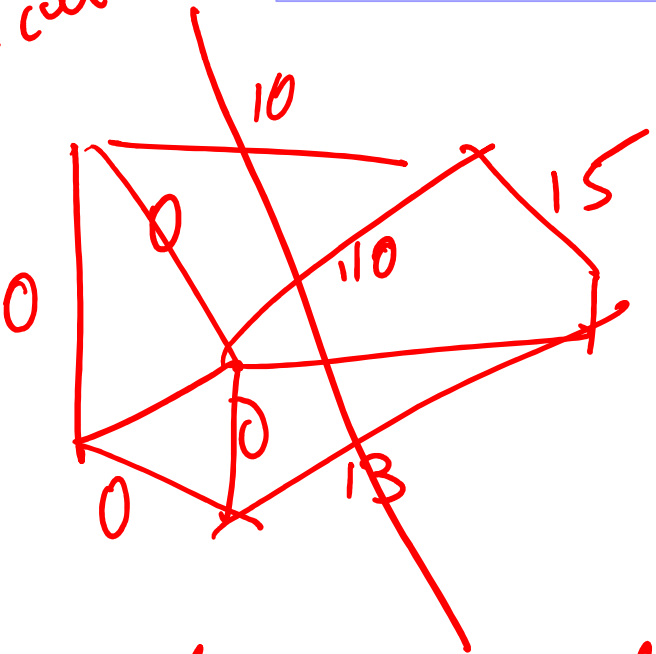
Total Function NP
 $F(NP \cap \text{co-NP})$

Total: Solution always exist. Aka YES instances only.

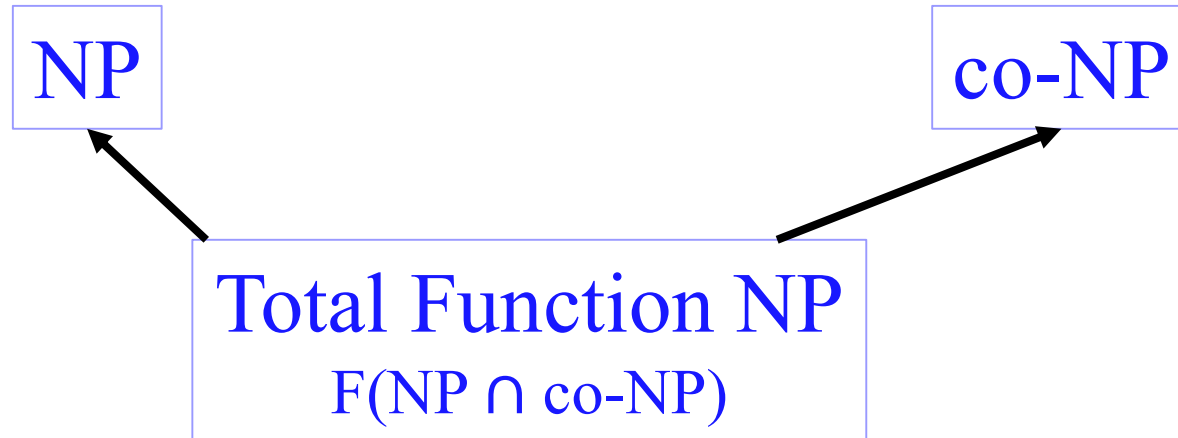
Function: Goal is to find a solution. Aka Search problems.

NP: Solution is poly-time verifiable

max-cut



local-max-cut: Find a cut that can't be improved by flipping a vertex.



Integer factorization: Given two integers n, k s.t. $n > k$, check if \exists a prime factor of n less than k .

TFNP

PLS

(Polynomial local search)

Formal: $N, V \rightarrow$

$\{0,1\}^n \rightarrow N \rightarrow \{0,1\}^n$

$\{0,1\}^n \rightarrow P \rightarrow R_+$ iff $V=N(V)$

$\& P(V) \geq P(U)$
size = size(N, P)

Intuition: Every DAG has a SINK.

Problems w/

single local search algorithm

- local-max-cut G

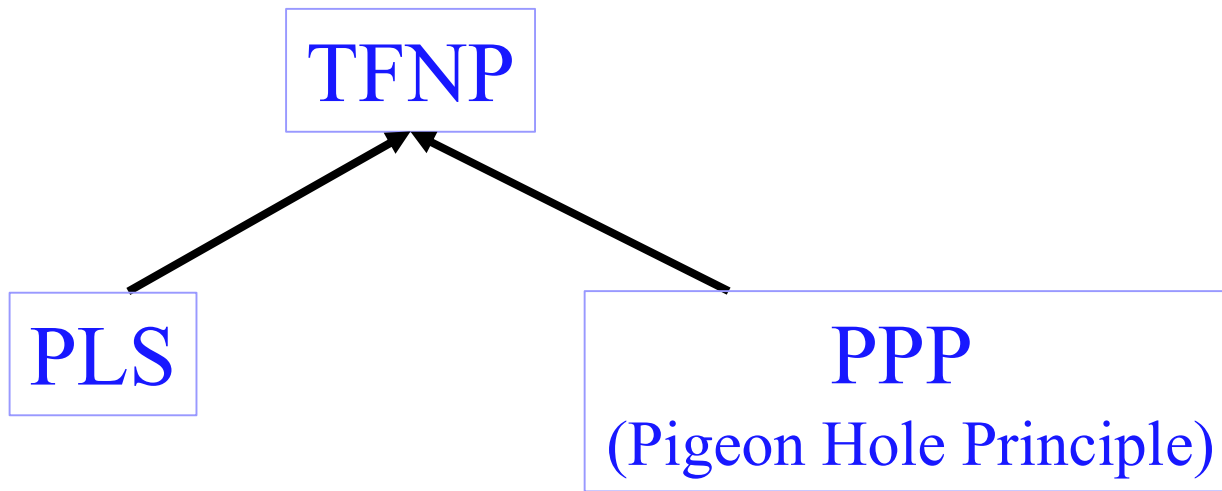
- weighted-max-SAT / flip of
a variable

vertices: all possible
partitions of
the vertices of
 G .



PLS

(Polynomial Local Search)



Intuition: $f: [n] \rightarrow [n]$ then
 either $\exists x \in [n]$ s.t. $f(x) = 0$
 or $\exists x, y$ s.t. $f(x) = f(y)$

Formal: $\{0, 1\}^n \rightarrow [C] \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^n$
 either find x s.t. $C(x) = 0^n$
 or x, y s.t. $C(x) = C(y)$

PPP

PPP-complete
- short Int. Solⁿ

- Equal-sum:

Given n integers a_1, \dots, a_n ,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i < 2^n - 1, \quad \text{find } S \neq T \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}$$

$$\text{s.t. } \sum_{i \in S} a_i = \sum_{i \in T} a_i$$

- Mikowski: Given matrix $A_{n \times n}$ s.t.

$|\det(A)| < 1$, Find the int. linear combination

of A 's rows s.t. its norm < 1 .

- Pichlet: Given n rational no. $a_1, \dots, a_n \notin \mathbb{Z}$
Find integers q, p_1, \dots, p_n s.t. $\forall i, |a_i - \frac{p_i}{q}| < \frac{1}{q^N}$
 $1 \leq q \leq N^n$

