

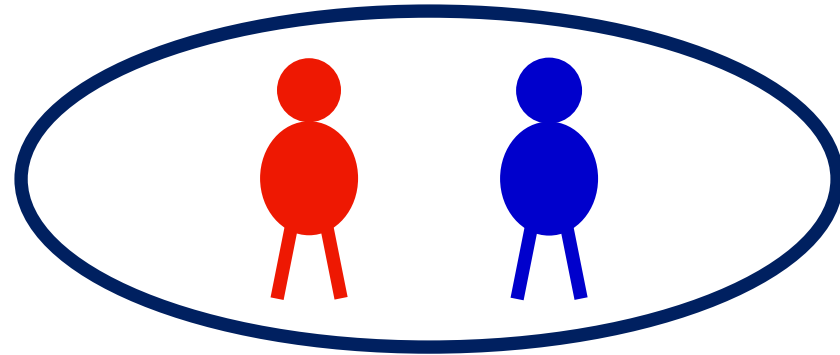
Algorithmic Game **Theory**

Instructor: Ruta Mehta

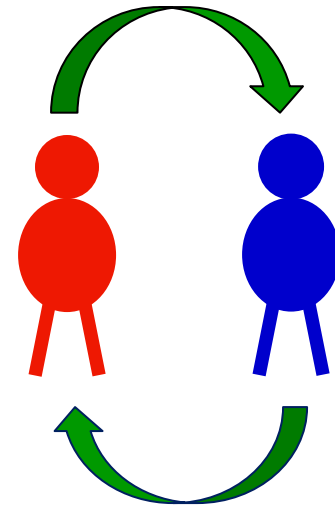
TA: Rucha Kulkarni

Game Theory

Multiple **self-interested** agents interacting in the same environment

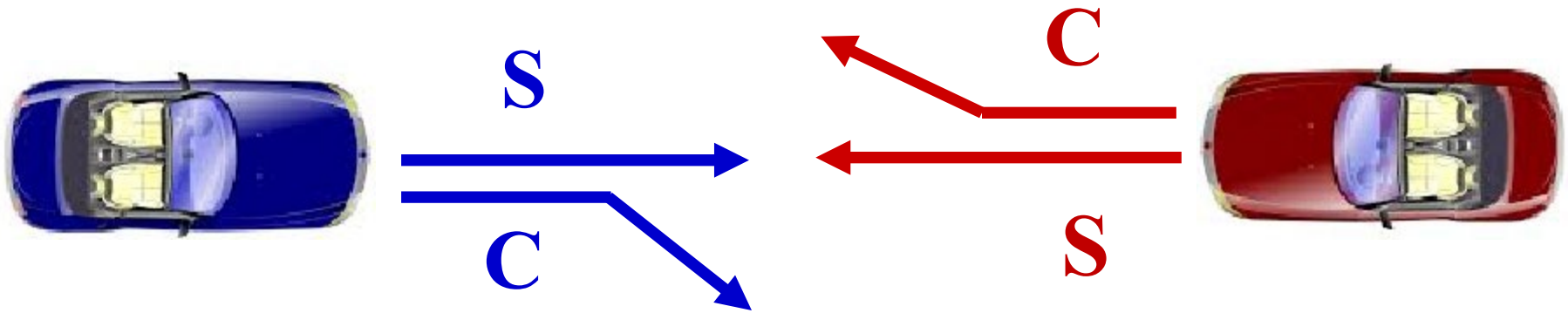


Deciding what **to do**.

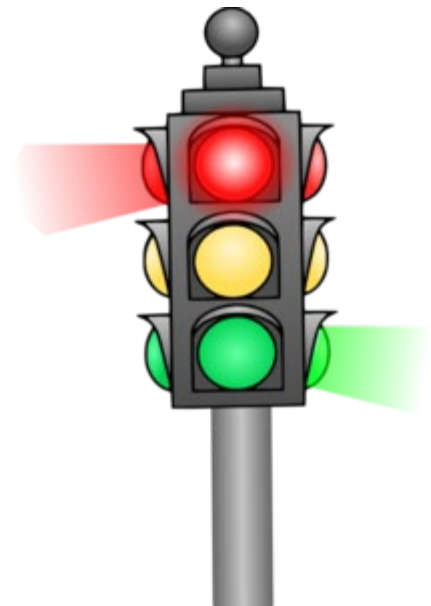


Q: What to expect? How good is it? Can it be controlled?

Game of Chicken (Traffic Light)



	C	S
C		
S		





Algorithmic Game Theory

AGT, in addition, focuses on designing efficient algorithms to compute solutions necessary to make accurate prediction.

■ **What to expect**

Research-oriented Course

- Exposure to key concepts and proof techniques from AGT
- Explore research problems and novel questions

■ **What is expected from you**

- Pre-req: Basic knowledge of linear-algebra, linear programming, probability, algorithms.
- Energetic participation in class
- Research/Survey Project (individually or in a group of two).



- Instructor: Ruta Mehta (Me)

- TA: Rucha Kulkarni

- Office hours:

- Ruta: Wed 2:30-3:30pm on zoom

- Rucha: Mon 2:30-3:30pm on zoom

For zoom links, see

<https://courses.grainger.illinois.edu/cs598rm/fa2020/secure/online.html>

(you will need Illinois login to access this page)

- Compass 2g for grades

- <https://compass2g.illinois.edu/webapps/login/>

Useful links

- Webpage:

<https://courses.engr.illinois.edu/cs598rm/>

- Piazza Page:

piazza.com/illinois/fall2020/cs598rm

Check webpage/piazza at least twice a week for the updates.

HW0 is already posted!



■ Grading:

- 4 homeworks – 45% (10,10,10,15)
- Research/Survey Project – 50%
 - Work – 25%
 - Presentation – 12.5%
 - Report – 12.5%
- Class participation – 5%

HW0 is for self-study and carry no points.

References

- T. Roughgarden, *Twenty Lectures on Algorithmic Game Theory*, 2016.
- N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. Vazirani (editors), *Algorithmic Game Theory*, 2007. (Book available online for free.)
- R. Myerson, *Game Theory: Analysis of conflict*, 1991.

Recent papers, and other lecture notes that we will post on course website.



3 Broad Goals

Goal #1

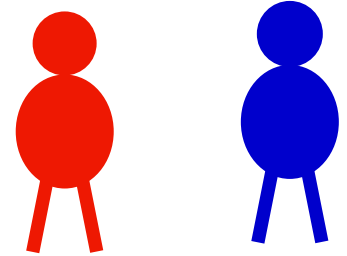
Understand outcomes arising from interaction of intelligent and self-interested agents.

Games and Equilibria

Prisoner's Dilemma

Two thieves caught for burglary.

Two options: {confess, not confess}

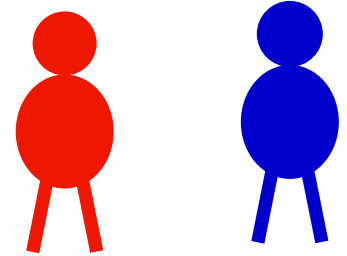


	N	C
N	-1 -1	-6 0
C	0 -6	-5 -5

Prisoner's Dilemma

Two thieves caught for burglary.

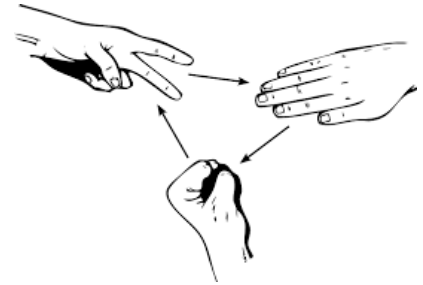
Two options: {confess, not confess}



	N	C
N	-1 -1	-6 0
C	0 -6	-5 -5

Only stable state

Rock-Paper-Scissors




	R	P	S
R	0 0	-1 1	1 -1
P	1 -1	0 0	-1 1
S	-1 1	1 -1	0 0

No pure stable state!

Both playing $(1/3, 1/3, 1/3)$
is the only NE.

Nash Eq.: No player gains by
deviating individually

Why?

- 
- Normal form games and Nash equilibrium existence
 - Computation:
 - Zero-sum: minmax theorem,
 - General: (may be) Lemke-Howson algorithm
 - Complexity: PPAD-complete
 - Other equilibrium notions – markets, security games
 - Incomplete information, Bayesian Nash
 - Collusion, Core, Nash bargaining

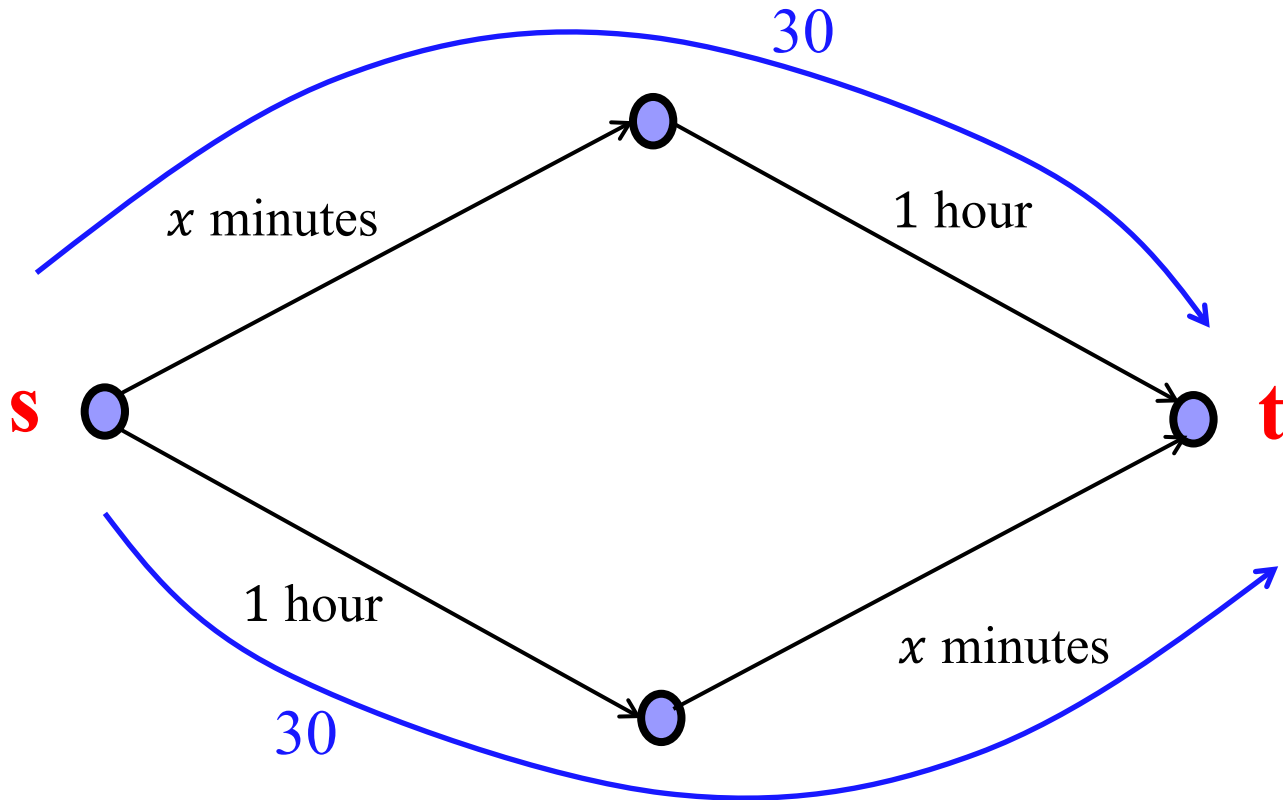
Goal #2

Analyze quality of the outcome arising from strategic interaction, i.e. OPT vs NE.

Price of Anarchy

Braess' Paradox

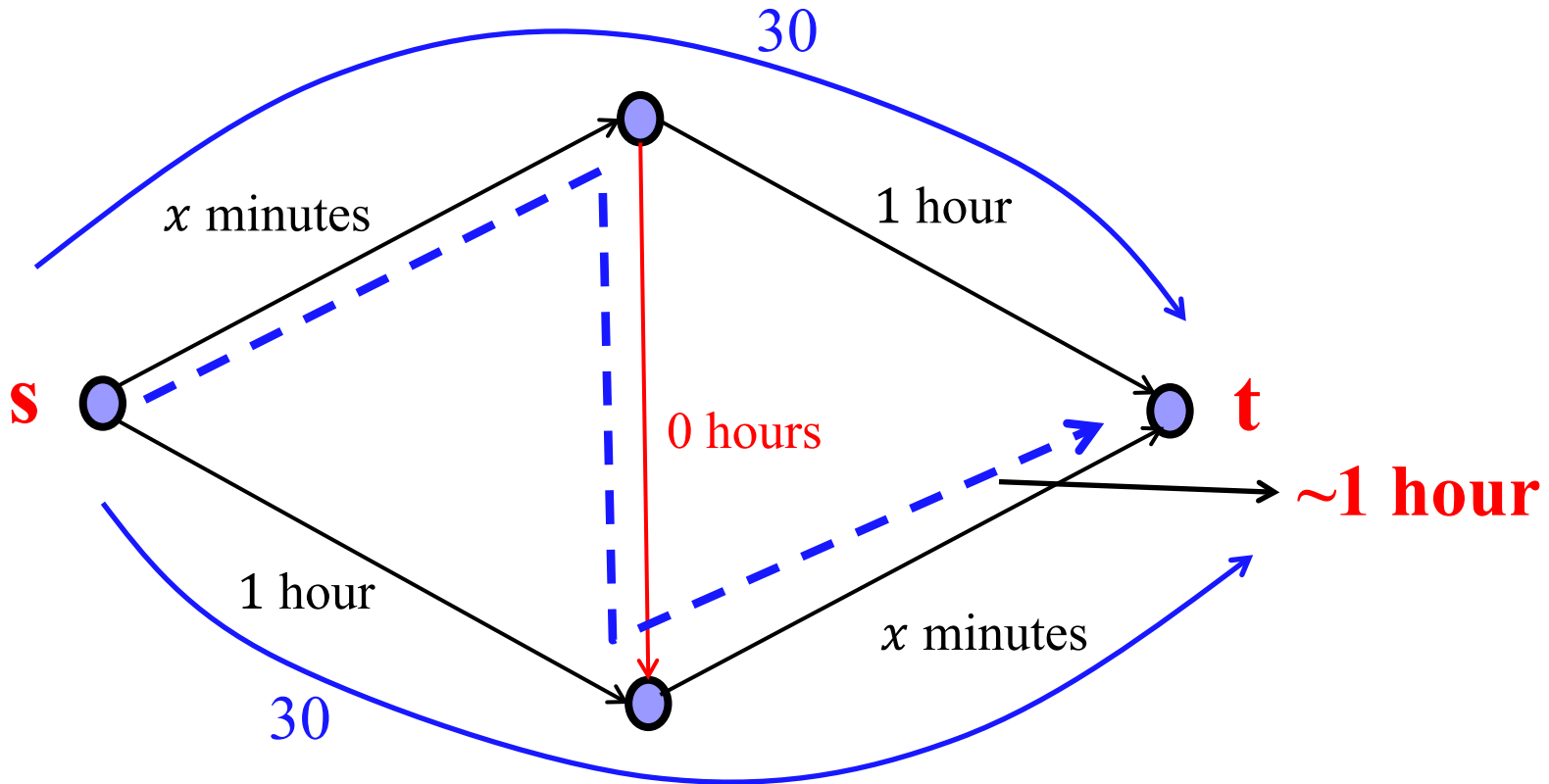
60 commuters



Commute time: 1.5 hours

Braess' Paradox

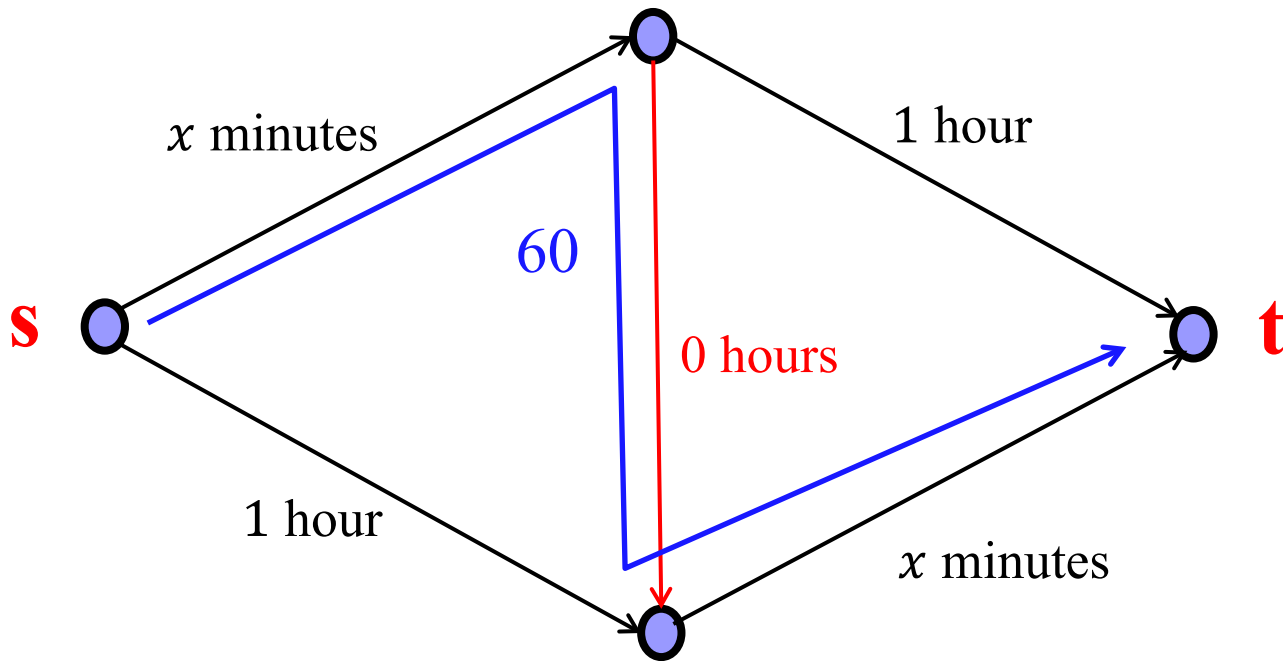
60 commuters



Commute time: 1.5 hours

Braess' Paradox

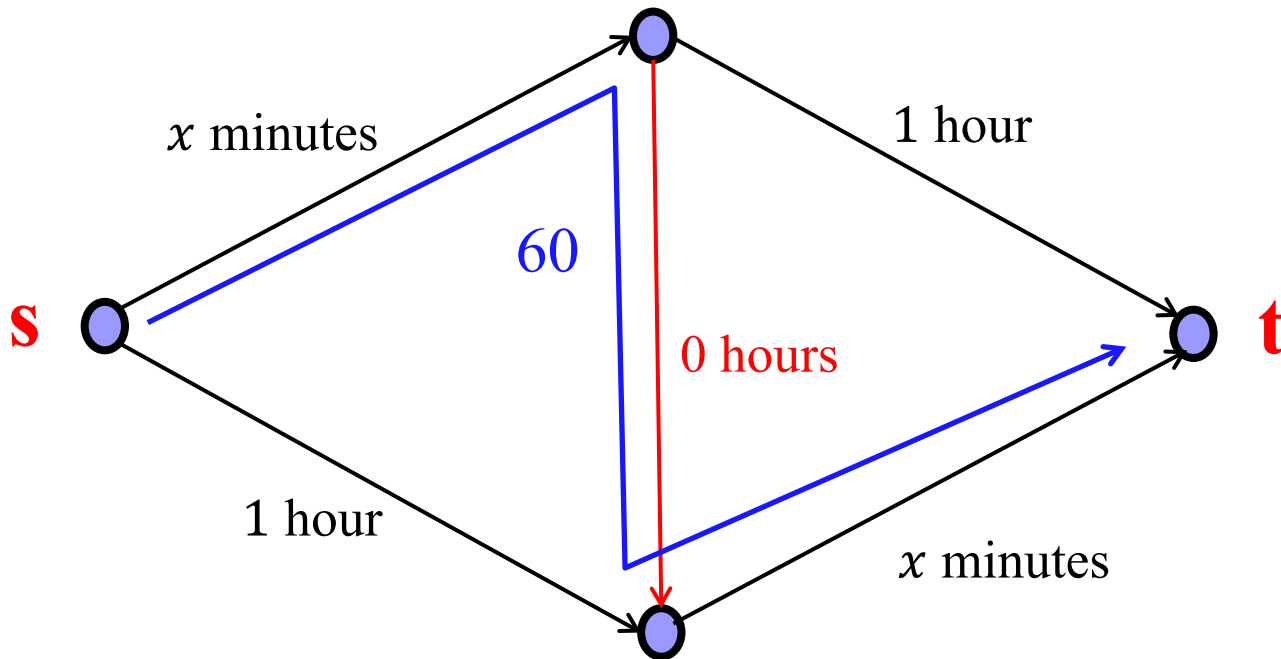
60 commuters



Commute time: 2 hours


Braess' Paradox

60 commuters



Price of Anarchy (PoA): $\frac{\text{worst NE}}{OPT} = \frac{2}{1.5} = \frac{4}{3}$

Can not be worse!

- 
- Network routing games
 - Congestion (potential) games
 - PoA in linear congestion games
 - Smoothness framework
 - Iterative play and convergence

Goal #3

Designing rules to ensure “good” outcome under strategic interaction among selfish agents.

Mechanism Design

At the core of large industries

**Online markets – eBay, Uber/Lyft, TaskRabbit,
cloud markets**

**Spectrum auction – distribution of public good.
enables variety of mobile/cable services.**

Search auction – primary revenue for google!

Tons of important applications

**Fair Division – school/course seats assignment,
kidney exchange, air traffic flow management, ...**

Voting, review, coupon systems.

So on ...



- MD without money

- Fair division

- Divisible items: Competitive equilibrium

- Indivisible items: EF1, EFX, MMS, Max. Nash Welfare, ...

- stable matching, Arrow's theorem (voting)

- MD with money

- First price auction, second price auction, VCG

- Generalized second price auction for search (Google)

- Optimal auctions: Myerson auction and extensions

Fun Fact!

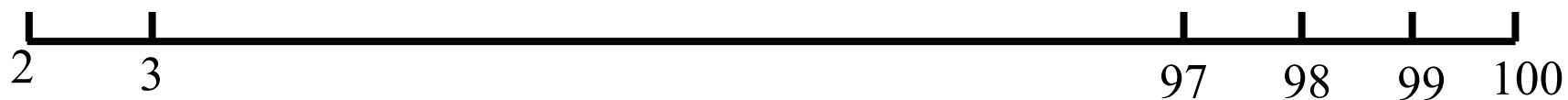
Olympics 2012 Scandal

**Check out Women's doubles badminton
tournament**

[Video of the fist controversial match](#)

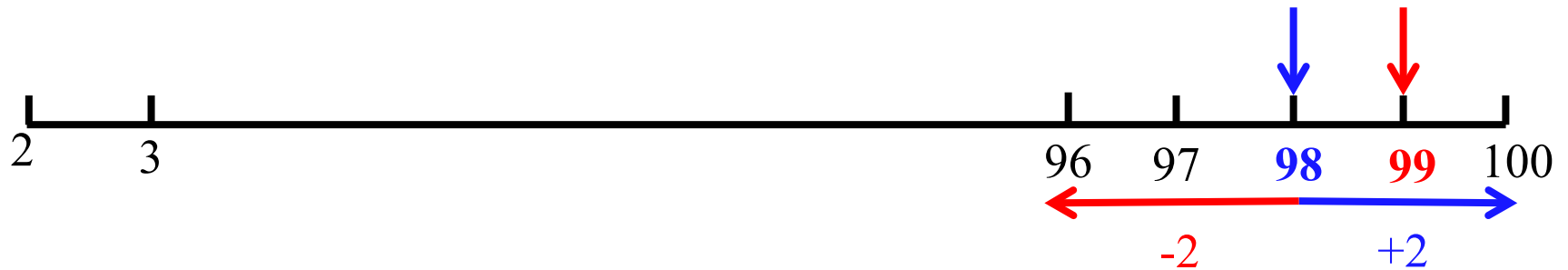
Food for Thought

You and your friend choose a number ...



Food for Thought

You and your friend choose a number ...



What will you choose?

What if +/- 50?

What are Nash equilibria?