

G
 $\forall v \in V \quad w_v \geq 0$ cost
 compute VC of min cost
 write it as an LP.

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & \sum_{v \in V} x_v w_v \\ \forall v \in V \quad & x_v \in \{0, 1\} \\ \forall uv \in E \quad & x_u + x_v \geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z = \min \quad & \sum_{v \in V} x_v w_v \\ \forall v \in V \quad & x_v \geq 0 \\ \forall uv \in E \quad & x_u + x_v \geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

Solve the LP
 $\hat{x}_v$ value of x_v in the LP solution
 $\hat{z}$ value of the LP
 $\text{cost}(\text{opt VC}) \geq \hat{z}$

$U = \{v \in V \mid \hat{x}_v \geq \frac{1}{2}\}$
 why U is a VC?
 $uv \in E \quad \hat{x}_u + \hat{x}_v \geq 1$
 $\Rightarrow \hat{x}_u \geq \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } \hat{x}_v \geq \frac{1}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow u \text{ or } v \text{ are in } U$
 $\text{cost}(U) = \sum_{u \in U} w_u \leq \sum_{u \in U} 2\hat{x}_u w_u = 2 \sum_{u \in U} \hat{x}_u w_u$
 $\leq 2 \sum_{v \in V} \hat{x}_v w_v = 2\hat{z} \leq 2(\text{opt cost VC})$

Set cover

$(U, F) \quad n = |U| \quad F = \{f_1, \dots, f_m\}$
 $f_i \subseteq U$
 Q: Find min size $G \subseteq F$ s.t.
 $UG = U$ (everything is covered)
 $\min |G|$

k sets of solution $\Rightarrow$ greedy algo
 output a cover of size $k \ln n + 1$
 $\Theta(\log n)$ -approx
 $\frac{\text{size approx solution}}{\text{opt solution size}} \leq \text{approx ratio}$

Weighted set cover

$(U, F) \quad F = \{f_1, f_2, \dots, f_m\}$
 $U = \{p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n\}$
 $c_i \geq 0$ cost of f_i
 Q: Compute set cover $G \subseteq F$ of min total cost.

LP set cover

$$\begin{aligned} z = \min \quad & \sum x_i c_i \\ \forall i \quad & \sum_{f_i \ni p_j} x_i \geq 1 \\ \forall i \quad & x_i \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$
 c_i cost of f_i

Solve the LP $\hat{x}_i$ fractional values
 $G_i =$ choose set f_i with probability $\hat{x}_i$
 $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_t$
 $G_t =$ $t = \log n$
 solution $\bigcup_{i=1}^t G_i$
 $E[\text{cost}(G)] = E[\sum_{i=1}^m y_i c_i] = \sum_{i=1}^m E[y_i c_i] = \sum_{i=1}^m c_i E[y_i]$
 $y_i = 1 \Leftrightarrow f_i \in G$
 $= \sum_{i=1}^m c_i \hat{x}_i = \hat{z} = \text{LP value}$

$E[\text{cost}(UG_i)] \leq t \cdot \text{LP value} \leq t \cdot (\text{cost of opt solution})$

$p_i \quad \hat{x}_1 + \hat{x}_2 + \hat{x}_3 + \dots + \hat{x}_n \geq 1$
 $B = P[p_i \text{ is not covered by } G_i] = (1 - \hat{x}_1)(1 - \hat{x}_2) \dots (1 - \hat{x}_n) \leq \exp(-\hat{x}_1 - \hat{x}_2 - \dots - \hat{x}_n) \leq \frac{1}{e}$
 $1 - x \leq e^{-x} = \exp(-x)$

$P[p_i \text{ is not covered by } G_1, G_2, \dots, G_t] = P[\bigcap_{j=1}^t G_j \text{ not covering } p_i]$
 $= \prod_{j=1}^t P[G_j \text{ not covering } p_i]$
 $= \prod_{j=1}^t p = p^t \leq \frac{1}{e^t} \leq \frac{1}{n^t} \quad t = 10 \ln n$
 $P[\text{any element is not covered}] \leq \sum_{i=1}^n P[p_i \text{ is not covered}]$
 $\leq \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{n^t} = \frac{1}{n^t}$

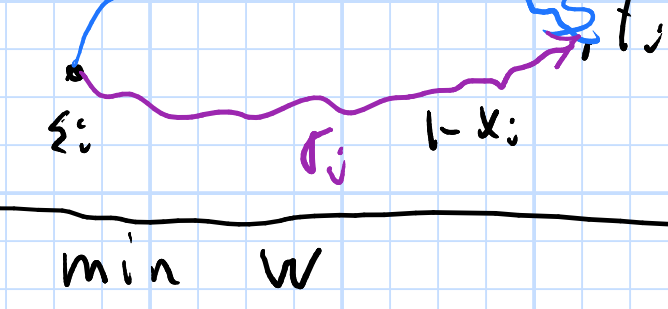
Thm Weighted set cover can be approximated using LP rounding with $O(\log n)$ -approximation.

Graph congestion

G : Graph (undirected)
 s, t : send packet from s to t
 π_i and δ_i two paths from s to t
 Minimize congestion.
 Given a solution

for an edge e , let
 $\text{load}(e) \equiv \# \text{ paths using } e$

Q: find assignment that minimizes
 $\text{cong}(G) = \max_{e \in E} \text{load}(e)$



$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & W \\ \forall i \quad & x_i \geq 0 \\ \forall e \in E \quad & \sum_{i: e \in \pi_i} x_i + \sum_{i: e \in \delta_i} (1 - x_i) \leq W \end{aligned}$$

specific $\sum \hat{x}_i + \sum (1 - \hat{x}_i) \leq W$
 Assume $\hat{W}$ is large.
 $\hat{W} = \Omega(n)$
 $Y = \sum x_i \quad x_i \in (0, 1) \leftarrow \text{independent variables}$
 $\mu = E[Y]$
Chernoff's inequality
 $P[Y \geq (1+\delta)\mu] \leq \exp(-\frac{\delta^2 \mu}{4})$
 $\hat{W} = \Omega(n)$