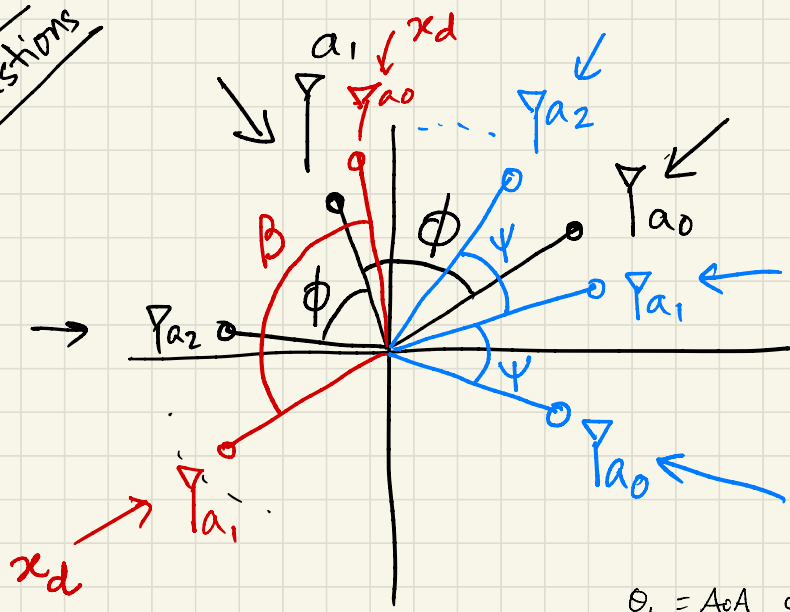
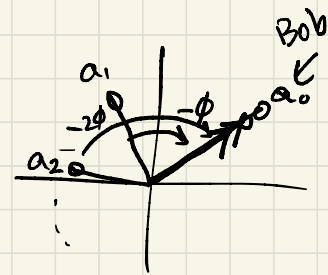


Questions



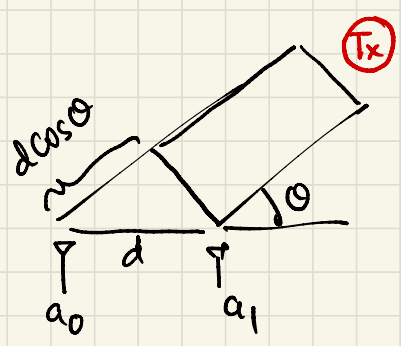
$$\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} d \cos \theta_1$$

$$\psi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} d \cos \theta_2$$



$\theta_1 = \text{AoA of signal } x_1$
 $\theta_2 = \text{AoA of signal } x_2$
 $\vdots$
 $\theta_d = \text{AoA of signal } x_d$

➔ Narrowband and wideband signal.



Phase diff. between a_0 and a_1 is $\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} d \cos \theta$.

We assumed that signal has only 1 freq, i.e. only one λ .

↳ often called narrowband signals or tones.

⑤ Real-world signals have wider bandwidth

- human - 20KHz
- WiFi - 20MHz
- 5G - 500MHz

↳ $\phi(f_i) = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda(f_i)} d \cos \theta$

Sub-space based AoA : MUSIC algorithm

stemming matrix

$$Y = A\bar{s} + \bar{n}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_0 \\ Y_1 \\ \vdots \\ Y_{N-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} | & | & | \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ | & | & | \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \\ \vdots \\ n_{N-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y(Y^*)^T$$

$$YY^H = (As + n)(As + n)^H$$

$$= (As + n)(s^H A^H + n^H)$$

$$= Ass^H A^H + As \cdot n^H + n s^H A^H + nn^H$$

$$E[YY^H] = E[Ass^H A^H + As \cdot n^H + n s^H A^H + nn^H]$$

m mic.
d signals
m > d

$$R_{YY} = \underbrace{AR}_{m \times d \text{ matrix Rank } m} \underbrace{ss^H A^H}_{d \times d \text{ Rank } d} + 0 + 0 + \underbrace{\sigma^2 I}_{m \times m \text{ Rank } m}$$

$$\text{Rank}\{AB\} = \text{at most } \min\{R_A, R_B\}$$

Intuition :

$$R_{xx} = AR_{ss}A^H + \sigma^2 I$$

$R_{xx} - \sigma^2 I$
 $m \times m$

signal + noise space $\mathbb{R}^m$

signal sub-space $\mathbb{R}^d$

$\mathbb{R}^m$

$$(R_{xx} - \sigma^2 I) \bar{e}_{d+1} = 0 = AR_{ss}A^H \cdot \bar{e}_{d+1}$$

Both full rank

$$A^H \cdot \bar{e}_{d+1} = 0$$

$$m = 10$$

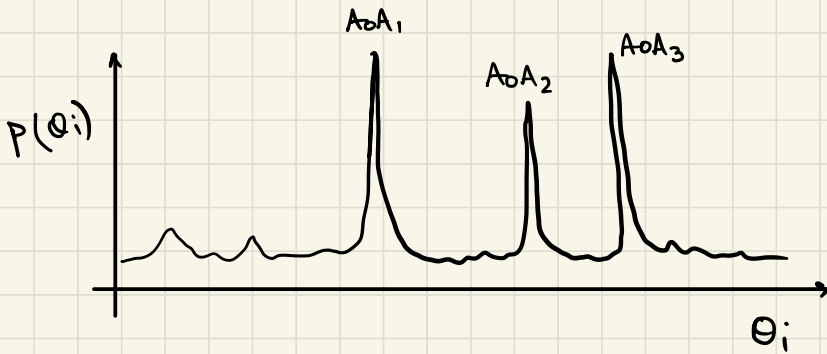
$$d = 4$$

10x10
6 eigenvalues = 0

AoA spectrum $P(\theta_i) = \frac{1}{\|A_{\theta_i}^H e_{\text{noise}}\|_{L_1}}$

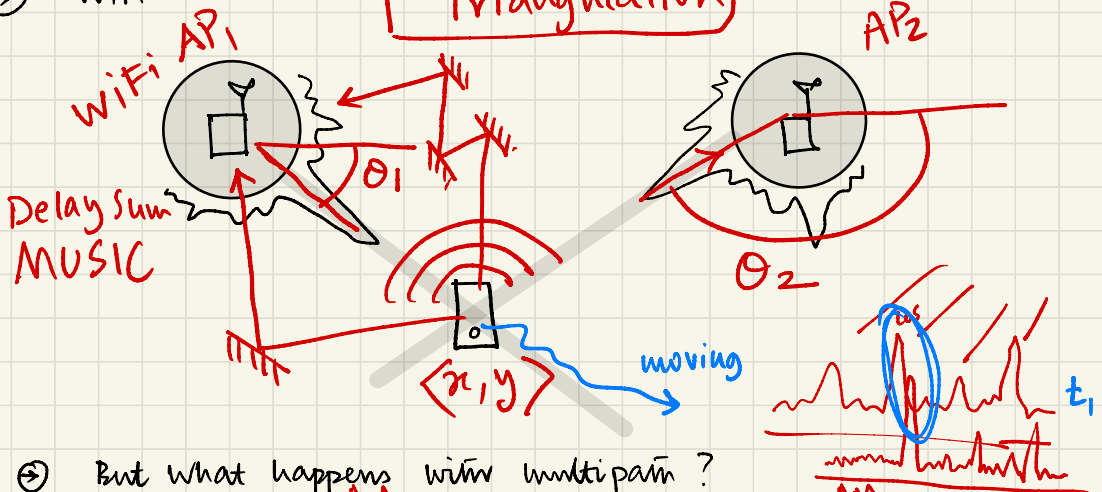
$1 \times m$ $m \times (m-d)$

$$[-A_{\theta_i}] \begin{bmatrix} | & \dots & | \\ e_{d+1} & & e_m \\ | & & | \end{bmatrix} = [\dots\dots]$$



➔ WiFi

Triangulation



➔ But what happens with multipath?

- Los path ^{AoA} varies slowly while multipath ^{AoA} varies faster.
- Identify Los by observing stable AoA spectrum peak.
- Apply Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE) for localization