

Programming Languages and Compilers (CS 421)



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Based in part on slides by Mattox Beckman, as updated by Vikram Adve and Gul Agha



Review: In Class Activity

ACT 4



Mea Culpa

- The above system can't handle polymorphism as in OCAML
- No type variables in type language (only meta-variable in the logic)
- Would need:
 - Object level type variables and some kind of type quantification
 - **let** and **let rec** rules to introduce polymorphism
 - Explicit rule to eliminate (instantiate) polymorphism



Support for Polymorphic Types

- Monomorphic Types (τ):
 - Basic Types: `int`, `bool`, `float`, `string`, `unit`, ...
 - Type Variables: α , β , γ , δ , ε
 - Compound Types: $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$, `int * string`, `bool list`, ...
- Polymorphic Types:
 - Monomorphic types τ
 - Universally quantified monomorphic types
 - $\forall \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n . \tau$
 - Can think of τ as same as $\forall . \tau$

Example FreeVars Calculations

- $\text{Vars}(\text{'a} \rightarrow (\text{int} \rightarrow \text{'b}) \rightarrow \text{'a}) = \{\text{'a}, \text{'b}\}$
- $\text{FreeVars} (\text{All } \text{'b}. \text{'a} \rightarrow (\text{int} \rightarrow \text{'b}) \rightarrow \text{'a}) =$
- $\{\text{'a}, \text{'b}\} - \{\text{'b}\} = \{\text{'a}\}$
- $\text{FreeVars} \{$
- $x : \text{All } \text{'b}. \underline{\text{'a}} \rightarrow (\text{int} \rightarrow \text{'b}) \rightarrow \underline{\text{'a}},$
- $\text{id} : \text{All } \text{'c}. \text{'c} \rightarrow \text{'c},$
- $y : \text{All } \text{'c}. \underline{\text{'a}} \rightarrow (\text{'b} \rightarrow \text{'c})$
- $\} = \{\text{'a}\} \cup \{\} \cup \{\text{'a}, \text{'b}\} = \{\text{'a}, \text{'b}\}$



Support for Polymorphic Types

- Typing Environment Γ supplies polymorphic types (which will often just be monomorphic) for variables
- Free variables of monomorphic type just type variables that occur in it
 - Write $\text{FreeVars}(\tau)$
- Free variables of polymorphic type removes variables that are universally quantified
 - $\text{FreeVars}(\forall \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n . \tau) = \text{FreeVars}(\tau) - \{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n\}$
- $\text{FreeVars}(\Gamma) =$ all FreeVars of types in range of Γ



Monomorphic to Polymorphic

- Given:
 - type environment Γ
 - monomorphic type τ
 - τ shares type variables with Γ
- Want most polymorphic type for τ that doesn't break sharing type variables with Γ
- $\text{Gen}(\tau, \Gamma) = \forall \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n . \tau$ where
 $\{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n\} = \text{freeVars}(\tau) - \text{freeVars}(\Gamma)$



Polymorphic Typing Rules

- A *type judgement* has the form
$$\Gamma \vdash \text{exp} : \tau$$
 - Γ uses **polymorphic** types
 - τ still monomorphic
- Most rules stay same (except use more general typing environments)
- Rules that change:
 - Variables
 - Let and Let Rec
 - Allow polymorphic constants
- Worth noting functions again

Polymorphic Let and Let Rec

- let rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \{x : \text{Gen}(\tau_1, \Gamma)\} + \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2) : \tau_2}$$

- let rec rule:

$$\frac{\{x : \tau_1\} + \Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \{x : \text{Gen}(\tau_1, \Gamma)\} + \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash (\text{let rec } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2) : \tau_2}$$



Polymorphic Variables (Identifiers)

Variable axiom:

$$\overline{\Gamma \vdash x : \varphi(\tau)} \quad \text{if } \Gamma(x) = \forall \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n . \tau$$

- Where φ replaces all occurrences of $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n$ by monotypes τ_1, \dots, τ_n
- Note: Monomorphic rule special case:

$$\overline{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \quad \text{if } \Gamma(x) = \tau$$

- Constants treated same way



Fun Rule Stays the Same

- fun rule:

$$\frac{\{x : \tau_1\} + \Gamma \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \text{fun } x \rightarrow e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2}$$

- Types τ_1, τ_2 monomorphic
- Function argument must always be used at same type in function body



Polymorphic Example

- Assume additional constants and primitive operators:
- $\text{hd} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha$
- $\text{tl} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list}$
- $\text{is_empty} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
- $(::) : \forall \alpha. \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list}$
- $[] : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list}$



Polymorphic Example

- Show:

?

```
{ } |- let rec length =  
    fun l -> if is_empty l then 0  
             else 1 + length (tl l)  
in length (2 :: []) + length(true :: []) : int
```

Polymorphic Example: Let Rec Rule

■ Show: (1) (2)

$\{\text{length}:\alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$	$\{\text{length}:\forall\alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
$\vdash \text{fun } l \rightarrow \dots$	$\vdash \text{length } (2 :: []) +$
$: \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}$	$\text{length}(\text{true} :: []) : \text{int}$

$\{\}$ \vdash let rec length =
 fun l \rightarrow if is_empty l then 0
 else 1 + length (tl l)
in length (2 :: []) + length(true :: []) : int



Polymorphic Example (1)

- Show:

?

```
{length:  $\alpha$  list -> int} |-  
fun l -> if is_empty l then 0  
        else 1 + length (tl l)  
:  $\alpha$  list -> int
```

Polymorphic Example (1): Fun Rule

■ Show: (3)

$\{ \text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, \text{ l} : \alpha \text{ list} \} \vdash$

$\text{if is_empty l then 0}$

$\quad \text{else length (hd l) + length (tl l)} : \text{int}$

$\{ \text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int} \} \vdash$

$\text{fun l} \rightarrow \text{if is_empty l then 0}$

$\quad \text{else 1 + length (tl l)}$

$: \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}$



Polymorphic Example (3)

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, \text{ l} : \alpha \text{ list} \}$
- Show

?

$\Gamma \vdash$ if is_empty l then 0
else 1 + length (tl l) : int

Polymorphic Example (3):IfThenElse

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$
- Show

$$\frac{\text{(4)}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty } l : \text{bool}} \quad \frac{\text{(5)}}{\Gamma \vdash 0 : \text{int}} \quad \frac{\text{(6)}}{\Gamma \vdash 1 + \text{length } (\text{tl } l) : \text{int}}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{if is_empty } l \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } 1 + \text{length } (\text{tl } l) : \text{int}$$



Polymorphic Example (4)

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, \text{ l} : \alpha \text{ list} \}$
- Show

?

$\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty l} : \text{bool}$

Polymorphic Example (4): Application

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$
- Show

?

?

$\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$

$\Gamma \vdash l : \alpha \text{ list}$

$\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty } l : \text{bool}$

Polymorphic Example (4)

■ Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$

■ Show

By Const since $\alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$

is Instance: $\{\alpha \rightarrow \alpha\}$ of

$\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$

?

$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}}$

$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash l : \alpha \text{ list}}$

$\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty } l : \text{bool}$



Polymorphic Example (4)

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$
- Show

By Const since $\alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$ is instance of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}$ By Variable $\Gamma(l) = \alpha \text{ list}$

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{bool}} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash l : \alpha \text{ list}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{is_empty } l : \text{bool}}$$

- This finishes (4)



Polymorphic Example (5):Const

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, \text{ l} : \alpha \text{ list} \}$

- Show

By Const Rule

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash 0 : \text{int}}$$

Polymorphic Example (6): BinOp

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$
- Show

By Variable

$\Gamma \vdash \text{length}$

(7)

By Const

$1 : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}$

$\Gamma \vdash (\text{tl } l) : \alpha \text{ list}$

$\Gamma \vdash 1 : \text{int}$

App

$\Gamma \vdash \text{length } (\text{tl } l) : \text{int}$

$\Gamma \vdash 1 + \text{length } (\text{tl } l) : \text{int}$

Polymorphic Example (7):App Rule

- Let $\Gamma = \{\text{length} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}, l : \alpha \text{ list}\}$
- Show

Const

Variable

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{tl} : \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash l : \alpha \text{ list}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash (\text{tl } l) : \alpha \text{ list}$$

By Const since $\alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list}$ is instance
 $\{\alpha \rightarrow \alpha\}$ of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \alpha \text{ list}$

Polymorphic Example: (2) by BinOp

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

(8)

$\Gamma' \vdash$

$\text{length } (2 :: []) : \text{int}$

(9)

$\Gamma' \vdash$

$\text{length}(\text{true} :: []) : \text{int}$

$\{\text{length} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$

$\vdash \text{length } (2 :: []) + \text{length}(\text{true} :: []) : \text{int}$

Polymorphic Example: (8)AppRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length}: \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

$$\frac{\frac{\text{?}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} : \text{int list} \rightarrow \text{int}} \quad \frac{\text{?}}{\Gamma' \vdash (2 :: []): \text{int list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} (2 :: []) : \text{int}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (8)AppRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length}: \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

$$\frac{\frac{\text{?}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} : \text{int list} \rightarrow \text{int}} \quad \frac{\text{?}}{\Gamma' \vdash (2 :: []): \text{int list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} (2 :: []) : \text{int}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (8)AppRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$

- Show:

By Var since $\text{int list} \rightarrow \text{int}$ is $\text{Instance}:\{\alpha \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}$ (by $\alpha \rightarrow \text{int}$)

(10)

$$\frac{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} : \text{int list} \rightarrow \text{int} \quad \Gamma' \vdash (2 :: []): \text{int list}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length } (2 :: []) : \text{int}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (10)BinOpRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length}: \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

$$\frac{\frac{\text{Const}}{\Gamma' \vdash 2 : \text{int}} \quad \frac{?}{\Gamma' \vdash [] : \text{int list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash (2 :: []) : \text{int list}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (10)BinOpRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:
- By Const since `int list` is instance of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list}$ (by $\alpha \rightarrow \text{int}$)

$$\frac{\overline{\Gamma' \vdash 2 : \text{int}} \quad \overline{\Gamma' \vdash [] : \text{int list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash (2 :: []) : \text{int list}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (9)AppRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

$$\frac{\frac{?}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} : \text{bool list} \rightarrow \text{int}}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} (\text{true} :: []) : \text{int}} \quad \frac{?}{\Gamma' \vdash (\text{true} :: []) : \text{bool list}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (9)AppRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:
- Var since $\text{bool list} \rightarrow \text{int}$ is instance of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}$ (by $\alpha \rightarrow \text{bool}$)

(10)

$$\Gamma' \vdash \text{length}$$
$$:\text{bool list} \rightarrow \text{int}$$

$$\Gamma' \vdash (\text{true} :: [])$$
$$:\text{bool list}$$

$$\Gamma' \vdash \text{length} (\text{true} :: []) : \text{int}$$

Polymorphic Example: (10)BinOpRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length}: \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:

$$\frac{\frac{\text{Const}}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{true} : \text{bool}} \quad \frac{?}{\Gamma' \vdash [] : \text{bool list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash (\text{true} :: []) : \text{bool list}}$$

Polymorphic Example: (10)BinOpRule

- Let $\Gamma' = \{\text{length} : \forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list} \rightarrow \text{int}\}$
- Show:
- By Const since bool list is instance of $\forall \alpha. \alpha \text{ list}$ (by $\alpha \rightarrow \text{bool}$)

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma' \vdash \text{true} : \text{bool}} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma' \vdash [] : \text{bool list}}}{\Gamma' \vdash (\text{true} :: []) : \text{bool list}}$$