Algorithms & Models of Computation CS/ECE 374, Fall 2020

14.2 Edit Distance and Sequence Alignment

Algorithms & Models of Computation CS/ECE 374, Fall 2020

14.2.1 Problem definition and background

Spell Checking Problem

Given a string "exponen" that is not in the dictionary, how should a spell checker suggest a <u>nearby</u> string?

What does nearness mean?

Question: Given two strings $x_1 x_2 \dots x_n$ and $y_1 y_2 \dots y_m$ what is a distance between them?

Edit Distance: minimum number of "edits" to transform x into y.

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Edit Distance

Definition 14.1.

Edit distance between two words X and Y is the number of letter insertions, letter deletions and letter substitutions required to obtain Y from X.

Example 14.2.

The edit distance between FOOD and MONEY is at most 4:

 $\underline{F}OOD \rightarrow MO\underline{O}D \rightarrow MON\underline{O}D \rightarrow MON\underline{E}\underline{D} \rightarrow MONEY$

Edit Distance: Alternate View

Alignment

Place words one on top of the other, with gaps in the first word indicating insertions, and gaps in the second word indicating deletions.

F O O D M O N E Y

Formally, an alignment is a set M of pairs (i, j) such that each index appears at most once, and there is no "crossing": i < i' and i is matched to j implies i' is matched to j' > j. In the above example, this is $M = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 5)\}$. Cost of an alignment is the number of mismatched columns plus number of unmatched indices in both strings.

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Edit Distance Problem

Problem

Given two words, find the edit distance between them, i.e., an alignment of smallest cost.

Applications

- Spell-checkers and Dictionaries
- Onix diff
- ONA sequence alignment ... but, we need a new metric

Similarity Metric

Definition 14.3.

For two strings X and Y, the cost of alignment M is

- **(**Gap penalty] For each gap in the alignment, we incur a cost δ .
- **2** [Mismatch cost] For each pair p and q that have been matched in M, we incur cost α_{pq} ; typically $\alpha_{pp} = 0$.

Edit distance is special case when $oldsymbol{\delta}=oldsymbol{lpha_{pq}}=oldsymbol{1}.$

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THE END

(for now)

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