

ECE 486 (Control Systems) – Homework 2

Due: Sep. 16, midnight

Problem 1. Consider the dynamics for the mass-spring system, as depicted in Figure 1. The dynamics are governed by the following state-space model:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{m} & -\frac{\rho}{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m} \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = [1 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, k is the spring constant and ρ is the friction coefficient (yes, the mass m in the figure does not touch the floor, but *assume it does!*).

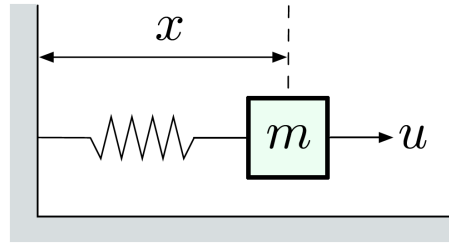


Figure 1: The mass-spring system.

- (a) (5 points) Find the transfer function of this system from u to y .
- (b) (15 points) Suppose that the C matrix is replaced, such that:

$$y = [c_1 \quad c_2] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Recalculate the transfer function with this sensor model. Write ω_n and ζ in terms of k, ρ, m . Draw a block diagram for this transfer function using integrator, summation, and gain blocks.

Problem 2. Consider the transfer function:

$$H(S) = \frac{25}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$$

- (a) (5 points) Draw a block diagram for $H(s)$ using integrator, summation, and gain blocks.
- (b) (5 points) Suppose you are given the following time-domain specs: rise time $t_r \leq 0.6$ and settling time $t_s \leq 1.6$. (Here we're considering settling time to within 5% of the steady-state value.) Plot the admissible pole locations in the s -plane corresponding to these two specs. Does this system satisfy these specs?
- (c) (5 points) Repeat the previous problem for the specs: rise time $t_r \leq 0.6$, settling time $t_s \leq 1.6$, and magnitude $M_p \leq 1/e^2$. Plot the admissible pole locations; does this system satisfy these specs?
- (d) (5 points) Draw a block diagram for $(s + 1)H(s)$ using integrator, summation, and gain blocks.

Problem 3. (15 points) Consider the unity feedback system in Figure 2. Let the plant's transfer function be given by:

$$P(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 1}$$

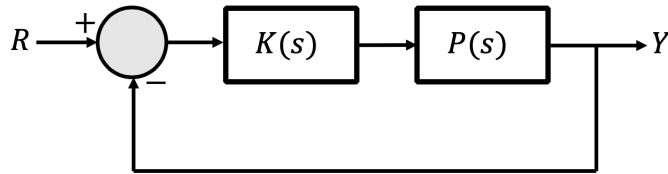


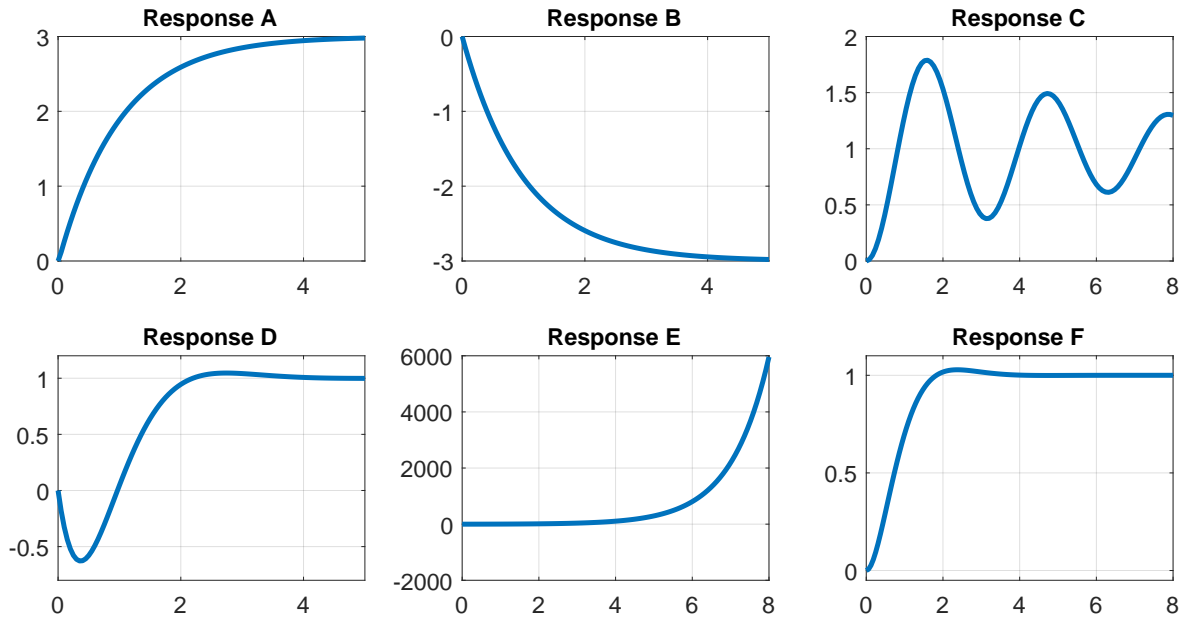
Figure 2: A diagram of a unity feedback system.

Suppose our controller is given by $K(s) = 4$. What is the transfer function from R to Y ? How to convert that transfer function to a linear state-space model? Use the Routh-Hurwitz criterion to determine whether this model is stable or not.

Problem 4. (30 points) Consider the six transfer functions given below. For each $G_i(s), i = 1, 2, \dots, 6$, specify the following **in turn**: (a) poles, (b) zeros (if any), (c) stable or unstable, and (d) steady-state gain **before proceeding to the next**. Use these answers to match each of the six transfer functions with one of the unit step responses in the figure below. All responses were generated with zero initial conditions.

$$G_1(s) = \frac{-4s + 4}{s^2 + 3s + 4} \quad G_2(s) = \frac{4}{s^2 + 0.3s + 4} \quad G_3(s) = \frac{4}{s^2 + 3s + 4}$$

$$G_4(s) = \frac{-s + 3}{s - 1} \quad G_5(s) = \frac{300}{s^2 + 101s + 100} \quad G_6(s) = \frac{-3}{s + 1}$$



Problem 5. (15 points) Without a computer, determine whether or not the following polynomials have any RHP roots:

- (a) $s^6 + 2s^5 + 3s^4 + s^3 + s^2 - 3s + 5$
- (b) $s^4 + 10s^3 + 10s^2 + 20s + 1$
- (c) $s^4 + 10s^3 + 10s^2 + 1$